

## ERRATUM TO RAPOSO ET AL. "INCREASING AWARENESS AND EMPATHY AMONG UNIVERSITY STUDENTS THROUGH IMMERSIVE EXERCISES – TESTING OF THE VIRTUAL REALITY APPLICATION: A PILOT STUDY" (MED PR. 2023;74(3):187–97)

The original version of the article was published in "Medycyna Pracy" 2023;74(3):187–197, <https://doi.org/10.13075/mp.5893.01391>.

The authors of the Table 2 are Edyta Klimczak (Nofer Institute of Occupational Medicine, Łódź, Poland),

Kaja Staszewska (Nofer Institute of Occupational Medicine, Łódź, Poland), and Dorota Merecz-Kot (University of Lodz, Łódź, Poland) and the table has been used in the text under the right of quotation.

The correct version of the table should read:

**Table 2.** The statements in the empathy pre-and post-tests

Exercise	Statements	
	pre-test	post-test
"Pregnancy"	I can put myself in the shoes of a pregnant woman. I do not understand why I should let a pregnant woman through in a queue. I can predict what may be difficult for pregnant women. When I see a pregnant woman I become more caring.	I can put myself in the shoes of a pregnant woman. I do not understand why I should let a pregnant woman through in a queue. I can predict what may be difficult for pregnant women. I better understand the problems of pregnant women. My perception of pregnant women has changed. I care more about problems of pregnant women.
"Elderly people"	Usually, I do not know how to deal with an elder person. Elder people evoke negative emotions in me. I can put myself in the shoes of an elder person. I willingly help elder people. I do not understand why I should give place to an elder person.	I can predict what may be difficult for elder people. My perception of elder people has changed. I can put myself in the shoes of an elder person. I care more about elder people's problems. I do not understand why I should give place to an elder person.
"Wheelchair user"	I would spontaneously help a person who uses a wheelchair. People who use wheelchair arouse negative emotions in me. I can predict how a wheelchair user will feel in certain situations. It is difficult for me to assess whether I behave properly towards people who use a wheelchair. I can put myself in the shoes of a wheelchair user.	I can predict how a wheelchair user will feel in certain situations. I can put myself in the shoes of a wheelchair user. People who use wheelchair arouse negative emotions in me. My perception of people using wheelchair has changed. I would spontaneously help a person who uses a wheelchair.
"Sight impairments"	I think that people with vision disorders (excluding the blind), thanks to the development of medicine and technology, do not experience any life limitations. People with vision disorders can function just as well as people without these disorders. I think that some of vision disorders can make it difficult to carry out daily activities. I can put myself in the shoes of a person with vision disorder. I can predict what may be difficult for a person with vision disorder.	I can predict what may be difficult for a person with vision disorder. I think that vision disorders do not indicate someone's disability. People with vision disorders can function just as well as people without these disorders. I can put myself in the shoes of a person with vision disorder. I think that some of vision disorders can make it difficult to carry out daily activities. My perception of people with vision disorders has changed.

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